

GOD

¶ Writing Tables
with a Kalender for
xxiii. yeeres, with
sundry necessarye
rules.

MOYSE



ARON



AT LONDON
Printed by Iames
Roberts, for Edward
White, and are to be sold
at the little North dore of
Paules, at the signe of
the Gunne.

1601.

*An Almanacke, for .xxiiij.
yeeres.*

Epact.	Prime, or Golden Number.	Easter.	Leap yere Sundayes Letter.	Anno do- mini.
xi	iiij	iiij. April.	B	1580
xxv	v	xxvi. Marche.		1581
vi	vi	xb. April.		1582
xviij	vii	xxxi. Marche.		1583
xxviij	viii	xix. April.	D	1584
ix	ix	xj. April.		1585
xx	x	iiij. April.		1586
j	xi	xvi. April.		1587
xij	xii	vij. April.	F	1588
xxiii	xiii	xxx. Marche.		1589
iiii	xiiii	xix. April.		1590
xv	xv	i. ij. April.		1591
xxvi	xvi	xxvi. Marche.	A	1592
vij	xvii	xb. April.		1593
xviij	xviii	xxxi. Marche.		1594
xxix	xix	xx. April.		1595
x	j	xj. April.	C	1596
xxi	ij	xxvij. March.		1597
ij	iii	xvi. April.		1598
xiii	iiii	vij. April.		1599
xxiiii	v	xxiiij. Marche.	E	1600
v	vi	xij. April.		1601
xvi	vii	iiij. April.		1602
xxvii	viii	xxiiij. april.		1603

A rule to knowe the chaunge, full,
and quarters of the Moone for ever, which
ye may doe by heart knowing the Epact.

Looke in the table made of purpose, on the o-
ther side of this leafe, for the Epact, which is a
number deuised to know the chaunge for euer,
which number of Epact standeth vnder this tytle
Epact, and is right against the yeres of our Aozde
and to know the chaunge of the moone do this, en-
ter the table, and looke for the number of the epact,
for that yere you would knowe the chaunge, then
reckon howe many moneths are past from march
vnto the moneth you would know the change, rec-
koning march for one, and the moneth you are in
for an other, as I would know on what day of the
moneth of December 1594. the moone chaungeth:
the Epact is xviij. from March to December are
10. months, (reckoning March and December for
two of the number) which 10. adde to the Epact 18.
which maketh 28. which 28. also take from 30. so
rest 2. on which day the moone chaungeth. Note
that the Epact beginneth in March and not in
January: so that January and February bee the
last in number of the 12. Note also, that if þ num-
bers amount vnto aboue 30. the 30. being cast out,
the remaine that is left must be taken from 30: if
it be vnder 30. take that also from 30. and the re-
maine is the day of the change of the moone. Nota
withstanding, if there be 31. daies in a month, then
take the remaine from 30. if but 30. dayes in the
month.

moneth then take the remaine from 29. as for ex-
ample: the Epact 1594. is 18. from March to ap-
rill 2. which added is 20. which 20. take from 29.
(for April hath but 30. daies) so rest 9. so I say the
Moone chaungeth the 9. of April 1594. By which
rule you may knowe the chaunge alwaies by hart
knowing the Epact.

An other rule for the chaunge of the Moone
by the Pryme number.

Looke in the table made of purpose, one & other
side of this leafe, for the golde nūber. or prime
for the yeare, where you shall finde for euerie
yeere the seuerall prime or golden number: hauing
found it, looke in that month wherein you wil know
when the moone chaungeth, for the same prime nū-
ber, which prime number standeth first in euerie
leafe, vnder & name of prime, & right against that
day where the prime number standeth, on that day
the moone chaungeth: as for example, I woulde
knowe on what day of the month of January 1593.
the moone chaungeth: Looke in & table for the yere
1593. against which yeare standeth the prime nūber
which is xviij. the turne to January, & looke downe
along the numbers standing vnder prime, for xviij
which is against & xxiij. day of January, on which
day the moone chaungeth, so that by this rule you
shall know when the moone will change any yeare
to come, when you know the prime number. Note
that & ful moone is xliij. daies. 18. houres after the
chaunge, the quarter is xij. daies ix. houres.

Prime. January hath. xxxi. dayes.

xx	1	A	Circumcision of Christe.
viij	2	b	The first day, sun ryseth at .8. setteth at
	3	c	at 4.
xvi	4	d	The 8. day, sun ryseth 50. minutes
v	5	e	after. 7. setteth. 10. minutes after. 4.
	6	f	The 16. day, sun riseth 40. minutes af-
xij	7	g	ter 7. setteth 20. minutes after 4.
ij	8	A	The 18. day, sun ryseth 25. minutes af-
	9	b	ter 7. setteth 35. minutes after. 4.
x	10	c	
	11	d	Note that there are 60. minutes in the
xviij	12	e	howre.
viij	13	f	
	14	g	[A rule to finde the moouable feastes
xv	15	A	of the whole yeere.
iii	16	b	Looke in the Table for the finding of
	17	c	Easter; hauing found what day Easter
xij	18	d	falleth on, Shrove sunday is the. viij.
i	19	e	sunday befoze the next wednesday, af-
	20	f	ter that is Ashwednesday: and the
ix	21	g	.viij. sunday after Easter is Whitsun-
	22	A	day: and the next sunday after Whitsun-
xviij	23	b	day is Trinitie sunday: and the. v. sun-
vi	24	c	day after Easter. is Rogation sunday,
	25	d	and fowre dayes after Rogation sun-
xliij	26	e	day, is Ascention day.
iiij	27	f	
	28	g	Twelke day, fayre at Salburie.
xi	29	A	The. xliij. day, the Conuersio of Paule.
xx	30	b	Fayres at Graues end, at Wyndow.
viij	31	c	

Prime. Februarie hath. xxviii. dayes.

	1	d	The. 2. day. sunne risseth. 9. minutes after
	2	e	ter 7. setteth 51. minutes after. 4.
xxi	3	f	The 8. day. sun risseth 58. minutes after
b	4	g	ter 6. setteth 2. minutes after 5.
	5	a	The 16. day. sunne risseth 60. minutes
xxij	6	b	after 6. setteth 20. minutes after 5.
j	7	c	The 24. day. sunne risseth 30. minutes
	8	d	after 6. setteth 30. minutes after 5.
	9	e	
	10	f	The yeece hath by the course of 8 sun,
xxij	11	g	12. Monthes, by course of the Moone 13.
xxij	12	a	monthes : of weekes 52. of dayes 365.
	13	b	dayes, and 6. howres, which euery. 4
xxb	14	c	yeere maketh a day more, which is the
xxij	15	d	leape yeece : And there is in the yeece
	16	e	4386. howres.
xxij	17	f	
i	18	g	The first day at Bromley. The 2. day
	19	a	being Candelmas day at Maidstone,
xx	20	b	at Bathe. at Linne. at Bickelwoorth. at
	21	c	Landwoorth. at Reading.
xxii	22	d	S. Valentine, at feuerham.
vi	23	e	On Ashwednesdaye, at Lychfelde, at
	24	f	Tamwoorth, at Roystone, at Dun-
xxiii	25	g	stable, at Exeter, at Abington, at Cy-
iii	26	a	ceter.
	27	b	The. xxiii. day S. Matthias, at Ipenly
xi	28	c	upon Thames at Tewkesbury, at
			Baldocke.

Prime,

Marche hath. xxxi. dayes.

ix	1	d	The first day the sun ryseth 18. minutes
viii	2	e	after 6. setteth 24. minutes after. 5. The
	3	f	10. day, sunne ryseth at 6. setteth at 6.
xi	4	g	The 17. day, sunne ryseth 47. minutes after
x	5	a	ter 5. setteth 13. minutes after 6. The
	6	b	24. day, sunne ryseth 30. minutes after. 5
xiii	7	c	setteth 30. minutes after 6.
ii	8	d	
	9	e	
	10	f	
x	11	g	The. xii. day, at Stafford, at Sudbury.
xviii	12	a	The. xiii. day, at Wye, at the Mount, at
vii	13	b	Bodmin in Cornewal.
	14	c	The. v. Sunday in Lent, at Grantham
xv	15	d	at Salisburie, at Hereforde.
xiii	16	e	The Munday before the Annunciatio
	17	f	of Mary, at Wilsbich, at Kendale, at
xii	18	g	Deubigh in Wales.
i	19	a	On Midlent Sunday, at Saffron Wal-
	20	b	den in Essex, at Odham.
ix	21	c	
	22	d	On Palmesunday euen, at Domfret.
xvii	23	e	On Palme sunday, at Worcester.
vi	24	f	The. xx. day, at Durham.
	25	g	
xviii	26	a	The. xxv. day, being the Annunciation
iii	27	b	of our Lady, at Northampton, at Mal-
	28	c	den, at great Chart, at Newcastle.
xi	29	d	
	30	e	Generally all the Lady dayes: sayes
xix	31	f	at Huntington.

Prime.

April hath. xxx. dayes.

viij	1	g	The first day, sunne ryseth 19. minutes
xi	2	A	after 5. setteth 41. minutes after 6.
iiij	3	b	The 8. day, sunne ryseth, 6. minutes after
	4	c	ter 5. setteth 54. minutes after 6.
xiiij	5	d	The 16. day, sunne ryseth 51. minutes
v	6	e	after 4. setteth 9. minutes after 7.
	7	f	The 24. day, sunne ryseth 38. minutes
	8	g	after 4. setteth 22. minutes after 7.
x	9	A	
xviij	10	b	
viij	11	c	The v. day, at Walyngfozde.
	12	d	The viij. day, at Darbie.
xv	13	e	The ix. day, at Bickelswozth, at Bil-
iiii	14	f	lingwozth.
	15	g	The Vunday next after, at Luesham
xii	16	A	in Worcester shyre.
i	17	b	Tuesday in Easterweeke, at Norths-
	18	c	flete, at Rochfozde, at Wiltchin.
ix	19	d	
	20	e	The thyrde Sunday after Easter, at
xviij	21	f	Lonth.
vi	22	g	The xxiij. day, being S. Georges day
	23	A	at Charing, at Ipswich, at Tamworth,
xiiij	24	b	at Amptil, at Wunningham, at Silfozde,
iiij	25	c	at S. Wombes in Cornwall.
	26	d	The xxv. day, being S. Marke the E-
x	27	e	uangelists day, at Darbie, at Dunmow
	28	f	in Essex.
xix	29	g	
viij	30	A	The xxvi. day, at Tenterden in Kent.

Prime.

May hath. xxxi. dayes.

	2	b	The first day, sunne ryseth 26. minutes
xbi	2	c	after 4. setteth 34. minutes after 7.
b	3	d	The 8. day sun riseth 16. minutes after
	4	e	4. setteth 44. minutes after 7.
xij	5	f	The 16. day, sun riseth 6. minutes after
ij	6	g	4. setteth 54. minutes after 7.
	7	A	The 24. day, sun ryseth at 4. setteth
x	8	b	at 8.
	9	c	
xbij	10	d	The first day beeing Whilip and Jas
bij	11	e	cob, at Leicester, at Reading at Mayde
	12	f	stone in Kent, at Chensford in Essex.
xb	13	g	The 7. day at Beuerley, at Oxforde.
xij	14	A	On Ascension day at Newcastle, at
	15	b	perne, at Bremicham, at saint Edes, at
xij	16	c	Bishop Stratforde.
i	17	d	On Whitsonday, at Rye hyll : Euery
	18	e	Wednesday fortnight at Kingstone bp
ix	19	f	pon thames.
	20	g	Munday in Whitsō weeke, at Darings
xbij	21	A	td, at Exeter, at Bradford, at Riegate.
vi	22	b	Tuesday in Whitson weeke, at Lewes
	23	c	at Rochfyrth, at Canterbury.
xij	24	d	On Trinity Sunday at Kendale, in
ij	25	e	Westmerland, at Rowell.
xi	26	f	On Trinity Munday, at Watforde.
	27	g	On Corpus Christi day, at Newbery.
xix	28	A	at Couentry, at saint Edes.
bij	29	b	The 19. day, at Rochester, at Dunstable:
	30	c	The 29. at Crambooke,
xbi	31	d	

Prime.

Iune hath. xxx dayes.

b	1	e	The first day, sun ryseth 54. minutes af-
	2	f	ter 3. setteth 6. minutes after 8.
xiii	3	g	The 11. day, sun ryseth 15. minutes after 8.
ii	4	A	3. setteth 15. minutes after 8.
	5	b	The 16. day, the sun ryseth 30. minutes
x	6	c	after 3. setteth 10. minutes after 8.
xviii	7	d	The 24. day, sun ryseth 54. minutes af-
vii	8	e	ter 3. setteth 6. minutes after 8.
	9	f	
	10	g	
xv	11	A	The 11. day, the longest day
iiii	12	b	
	13	c	The 9. day, at Maydstone in Kent.
xii	14	d	The 11. day, at Okeingham.
i	15	e	The 13. day, at Shrovelsbury, at saint
	16	f	Albones.
ix	17	g	The 24. day, beeing Midsummer day, at
	18	A	saint Annes, at Wakefelde, at Colches-
xvii	19	h	ter, at Croyden, at Bedford, at Reading,
vi	20	c	at Barnewell besyde Cambridge, at
	21	d	Molnerhampton, at Cramborne in Kent
xiii	22	e	at Lincoln, at Gloucester, at Peterborough,
ii	23	f	at Winsore, at Warstowe in Suffolke,
	24	g	at Lancaster, at Westchester, at Hales,
xi	25	A	at Ashburne in Darbyshire.
	26	b	The 30. day, beeing saint Peters day,
xix	27	c	at Woodjurst, at Marleborough, at Hol-
	28	d	lesworth, at Molnerhampton, at Peters-
xviii	29	e	felde, at Lemster, at Sudbury in Suff-
vi	30	f	folke, at Bargegrage, at Blameley in La-
			cashire, at lower Knotsfoyd in Cheshire.

Prime . Iuly hath. xxxi. dayes.

b	1	g	The first day, sun ryleth 58. minutes after 3. setteth 2. minutes after 8.
xiij	2	a	
ij	3	b	The 8. day, sun ryleth 2. minutes after 4. setteth 58. minutes after 7.
8	4	c	
xviij	5	d	The 16. day, sun ryleth 16. minutes after 4. setteth 44. minutes after 7.
vij	6	e	
	7	f	The 24. day, sunne ryleth 30. minutes after 4. setteth 30. minutes after 7.
	8	g	
	9	a	
xv	10	b	
iiii	11	c	The 15. day, at Winchbache.
	12	d	The 17. day, at Winchcombe.
xij	13	e	The 20. day, at Wexbridge.
i	14	f	The 22. day, at Marleborough, at Winchester, at Colchester, at Terburie,
xix	15	g	at Bridgenorth, at Battlefelde by Shrewesburie, at Wickellwoorth.
	16	a	
xviij	17	b	The 25. day, being Saint James the Apostles day, at Saint James nigh London, at Douer, at Bristowe, at Chilham,
vi	18	c	at Ipswich, at Darby, at Northampton,
xiiij	19	d	at Dudley in Staffordshyre, at Reazding, at Louth, at Malmesburie, at Bromeley, at Chester, at Ryuerpoole in Lancashyre, at Aldergam in Cheshyre, at Rauenglasse in the North.
xi	20	e	
xix	21	f	
vij	22	g	The 27. day, at Canterbury, at Hoptonham, at Rytchmond in the North, at Warrington in Lancashire, at Chappel Grith in Darbshyre.
	23	a	
	24	b	
	25	c	
	26	d	
	27	e	
	28	f	
	29	g	
	30	a	
b	31	b	

Prime. August hath. xxxi. dayes.

xiij	1	c	The first day, sun ryseth 40. minutes
ii	2	d	after 4. setteth 20. minuts after 7.
	3	e	The 8. day, sun ryseth 51. minutes af:
x	4	f	ter 4. setteth 9. minuts after 7.
xviij	5	g	The 16. day, sun ryseth 6. minuts af:
vij	6	A	ter 5. setteth 54. minuts after 6.
	7	b	The 24. day, sun ryseth 20. minuts af:
	8	c	ter 5. setteth 30. minuts after 6.
xv	9	d	
iiij	10	e	The first day of August being Lamas
	11	f	day, at Feuerham, at Exceter, at Dun:
xij	12	g	stable, at S. Edes, at Bedford, at York,
i	13	A	at Rumney.
	14	b	The. x. daye, at Waltham, at Blackaz:
xv	15	c	moze, at Hungerford, at Bedford, at
	16	d	Stroides, at farnam, at S. Laurence
xviij	17	e	by Bodmin, at Walton, at Croply in
vi	18	f	Lancashire, at Seddell in Yorkeshyre,
	19	g	at frodesham in Cheshyre, at newe
xiiij	20	A	Bainefforde.
iii	21	b	The. xv. day, at Dunmowe in Essex at
	22	c	Carlile, at Preston in Lancashire, at
xi	23	d	Wakefelde both the Ladye dayes.
xix	24	e	The. xxiiij. daye, being Bartholomew
xviij	25	f	the apostles day, at Londō, at Tukes:
	26	g	burie, at Beggers bush besyde Wyke, at
xvi	27	A	Sudburie, at Norwich, at Northaler:
v	28	b	ton, at Douer, at Rie, at Nantwich
	29	c	in Cheshire, at Wagers in Bromlie.
	30	d	The. xxvii. day, at Ashford.
xij	31	e	The. xxix. day at Watford.

Prime. September hath .xxx. dayes.

iij	1	f	The first day, the sun riseth 36. minutes
	2	g	after 5. setteth 24. minutes after 6.
ix	3	a	The 8. day, sun riseth 49. minutes af
xviij	4	b	ter 5. setteth 11. minutes after 6.
vii	5	c	The 13. day, sun riseth at 6. setteth at 6.
	6	d	The 24. day, sun riseth 23. minutes af
	7	e	ter 6. setteth 37. minutes after 5.
xv	8	f	
iiii	9	g	
	10	a	The fyist day, at S. Byles in the bush.
xij	11	b	The .8. daye, beeing the Nativite of
i	12	c	Marie, at Wakefeld, at Sturbidge, at
ix	13	d	Southwark nigh London, at Recoluer.
	14	e	The .xiiij. daye, at Richmond in Yorks
	15	f	hyre, at Waltham Abbey, at Walthen vns
xviij	16	g	der hedge, at Chesterfelde in Warble
vi	17	a	hyre, at Smalding, at Denbighe in
	18	b	Wales.
xiiij	19	c	The .21. day, beeing S. Mathewes day,
iiij	20	d	at Marleborow, at Bedford, at Croido,
	21	e	at Holden in Holdernes, at Saint Ed
xi	22	f	mondes bury, at Malton, at Baldoche,
	23	g	at Saint Jues, at Shrewesbury, at Len
xix	24	a	ham, at Syttingborne, at Brayntree,
xviij	25	b	at Batterne hyll beside Silfoide, at new
	26	c	Brainforde, at Douer, at Wendouer.
xv	27	d	The .29. day, beeing Michaell Archana
b	28	e	gels day, at Westchester, at Lancaster, at
xiiij	29	f	Walden, an horse fayre, at Wapthill, at
ij	30	g	Leycester, at Newbery, at Basingstoke,

Prime. October hath xxxi. dayes.

	1	a	The first day, the sun ryseth 36. minutes
p	2	b	after 6. setteth 24. minutes after 5.
	3	c	The 2. day, sun ryseth 47. minutes af-
pbiij	4	d	ter 6. setteth 13. minutes after 5.
bij	5	e	The 16. day, sun ryseth 3. minutes af-
	6	f	ter 7. setteth 13. minutes after 4.
xb	7	g	The 24. day, sun ryseth 19. minutes af-
xij	8	a	ter 7 setteth 41. minutes after 4.
	9	b	
xij	10	c	
i	11	d	The 6. daye at Saint-faithes, bested
	12	e	Porwiche, and at Maidstone.
ix	13	f	The 8. daye, at Harford, at Harborton,
	14	g	at Bishop Stratforde.
xbij	15	a	The 13. day, at Grauesende at Winsor,
	16	b	at Marfeld, at Colchester.
vi	17	c	The 18. day, being saint Luke Euang-
xiiij	18	d	gelistes day, at Ely, at Bridgenorth, at
ij	19	e	Stanton, at Charing, at Burton vppon
	20	f	Trent, at frisewides in Oxforde.
xi	21	g	The 21. daye at Safforn Walden, at
	22	a	Newmarket, at Hattforde, at Cicester
xix	23	b	at Stokelley.
viii	24	c	The 23. day, at Preston, at Richdale
	25	d	in Lancashyre, at Bickelwoozthe, at
xbj	26	e	lower Knotforth in Cheshyre, at Whyte
b	27	f	church in Shropshyre.
	28	g	Simon and Jude.
xij	29	a	The 30. day, being all Saints euen, at
ii	30	b	Wakefelde in yorshyre, at Keythen in

Prime.

November hath. xxx. dayes.

x	1	d	All Saintes.
	2	e	The first day, sun ryseth 30. minutes
xvij	3		after 7. setteth 30. minutes after 4.
vij	4	g	The 8. day, sun ryseth 42. minutes af-
	5		ter 7. setteth 13. minutes after 4.
xv	6	b	The 16. day, sun ryseth 51. minutes af-
iiij	7	c	ter 7. setteth 4. minutes after 3.
	8	d	The 24. day, sunne ryseth at 8. setteth
xij	9	e	at 4.
i	10	f	
ix	11	g	All soules, at Blethngley, at Kingston.
	12	a	S. Leonarde, at Standley, at New-
xvij	13	b	port ponde, at Trigney, in Cornewale,
vij	14	c	at Salforth, at Alesorde in Lancastye.
	15	d	Martin bishop, at Lenton, at Marlebo-
xiiij	16	e	row, at Douer.
ij	17	f	S. Hugh, Init. Reg. Eliz. at Marow,
	18	g	at Wyde.
x	19	a	Rice, at S. Edmunds burie, at Gyl-
xix	20	b	forde.
vij	21	c	
	22	d	S. Elizabeth, at Northam.
xv	23	e	Edmund king, at Wyde, at Ingerston.
	24	f	S. Clement, at Sandwich.
xvij	25	g	
v	26	a	The 30. day, being saint Andrie the
	27	b	Apostles ddy, at Colyngborowe, at Ros-
xiiij	28	c	chester, at Peterfeld, at Maydenhead,
x	29	d	at Warrington in Lancastye, at Bewds-
ix	30	e	ley, at Baresorde in yorshyre, at Os-
			trie in Wales,

Prime. V December hath. xxxi. dayes.

	1	f	The first day, sun ryseth 6. minutes after
xviii	2	g	ter 8. setteth 54. minutes after 3.
xvii	3	a	The 8. day, sun ryseth 10. minutes after
	4	b	ter 8. setteth 50. minutes after 3.
xv	5	c	The 13. day, sun ryseth 15. minutes after
xiiii	6	d	ter 4. setteth 45. minutes after 3.
	7	e	The 24. day. sun ryseth 5. min. after 8,
xiii	8	f	setteth 55. minutes after 3.
xii	9	g	The 13. day the shortest day.
	10	a	To make cleane your Tables,
ix	11	b	when they are written on.
	12	c	Take a litte peece of a Spunge, or a
xviii	13	d	linnen cloath, being cleane without any
	14	e	soyle: wet it in water, and wring it
vi	15	f	hard, & wipe that you have wrayten very
xviii	16	g	lightly, and it will out, and within one
xvi	17	a	quarter of an houre, you may wryte in
	18	b	the same place agayne: put not your
xv	19	c	leaves together, whylst they be, very wet
	20	d	with wypping. fast.
xiv	21	e	Thomas Apostle.
	22	f	The. viij. day, at Spalding, at Sinoch
xiii	23	g	at Exeter, at Tindale.
	24	a	fast.
xii	25	b	Christmasse day.
	26	c	Saint Stephen.
xi	27	d	John Euangelist.
	28	e	Innocentes day.
x	29	f	The. xxix. day, at Canterbury.
	30	g	lisbury.
	31	a	

Euening Prayer.

O Lord God, Father euerclasting and full of
 pity, we acknowledge and confesse that wee
 be not worthy to lyste vp our eyes to heauen
 much lesse to present our selues before thy maiestie
 with confidence that thou wilt heare our prayers
 and graunt our requestes. If we consider our owne
 deservings: for our consciences doo accuse vs,
 and our sinnes witnes against vs, and we knowe
 thou art an vpright Judge, which doest not iustifie
 the sinners & wicked men, but punishest the faults
 of all such as transgresse thy commaundements,
 yet most mercifull father, since it hath pleased
 thee to commaunde vs to call on thee in all our
 troubles and aduersities, promising euen then to
 helpe vs, when wee feele our selues (as it were)
 swallowed vpp of death and desperation: wee
 bitterly renounce all worldlie confidence, and flee
 to thy soueraigne bounty, as our onelie staye and
 refuge: beseeching thee not to call to remem-
 brance our manifolde sinnes and wickednesse
 wherby wee continually prouoke thy wrath and
 indignation against vs: neyther our negligence
 and unkindnes, which have neyther worthylie ex-
 tremed nor in our liues sufficiently expressed the
 sweete commode of thy Gospell reuealed vnto vs:
 But rather to accept þ death and obedience of thy
 son Iesus Christe, who by offering vp his body in
 sacrifice once for all, hath made a sufficient rec-
 pence for all our sinnes. Haue mercie therfore vps-
 on vs o Lord, & forgive vs our offences. for these
 and whatsoeuer else, let vs say: Our father, &c.

A breefe and necessarie Table for such as buye
any kinde of merchandies or commodities by the
hundredth to retail by the pounde, which vnto some
(not very expert in reconing) may be a good helpe.
As this a q. the pound, maketh ij. s. iij. d. the hun-
dredth, at five scope and xij. s. the hundredth, and so
of any other sam, as followeth in this Table.

Money by the
pound.

Money by the hundredth
at. xii.

a. q. —
a ob. the pound
a ob. q. maketh.

i. d.
i. d. q.
i. d. ob.
i. d. ob. q.
ii. d. the pound
ii. d. maketh.

ii. d. q.
ii. d. ob.
ii. d. ob. q.
iiij. d.
iiij. d. q. the pound
iiij. d. ob. maketh.

iiij. d. ob. q.
v. d.
v. d. q.
v. d. ob.
v. d. ob. q.

ij. s. iij. d.

iiij. s. viij. d.

vij. s.

ix. s. iij. d.

xi. s. viij. d.

xiiij. s.

xvi. s. iij. d.

xviij. s. viij. d.

i. s. i. s.

i. s. ii. s. iij. d.

i. s. v. s. viij. d.

i. s. viij. s.

i. s. x. s. iij. d.

i. s. xij. s. viij. d.

i. s. xv. s.

i. s. xvij. s. iij. d.

i. s. xix. s. viij. d.

ii. s. i. s.

ii. s. iii. s. iij. d.

the hun-
dredth.

the hun-
dredth.

the hun-
dredth.

ouic
the
ome
pe.
un:
d so
e.
th

uns

Q

th

v. d.		ij. l. vi. s. viij. d.	
v. d. q.		ij. l. ix. s.	
v. d. ob.	the pound	ij. l. xi. s. iij. d.	
v. d. ob. q.	maketh.	ij. l. xij. s. viij. d.	the hund-
vij. d.		ij. l. xvi. s.	reth.
vij. d. q.		ij. l. xviij. s. iij. d.	
vij. d. ob.		ij. l. viij. d.	
vij. d. ob. q.		ij. l. iij. s.	
vij. d.	the pound	ij. l. v. s. iij. d.	
vij. d. q.	maketh	ij. l. viij. s. viij. d.	the hund-
vij. d. ob.		ij. l. ix. s.	reth.
vij. d. ob. q.		ij. l. xij. s. iij. d.	
vij. d.		ij. l. xij. s. viij. d.	
vij. d. q.		ij. l. xviij. s.	
vij. d. ob.		ij. l. xix. s. iij. d.	
vij. d. ob. q.		ij. l. x. s. viij. d.	
ix. d.	the pound	ij. l. iij. s.	the hund-
ix. d. q.	maketh.	ij. l. vi. s. iij. d.	reth.
ix. d. ob.		ij. l. viij. s. viij. d.	
ix. d. ob. q.		ij. l. xi. s.	
x. d.		ij. l. xij. s. iij. d.	
x. d. q.		ij. l. xvi. s. viij. d.	
x. d. ob.	the pound	ij. l. xviij. s.	the hund-
x. d. ob. q.	maketh.	ij. l. x. s.	reth.
xi. d.		ij. l. xi. s. iij. d.	
xi. d. q.		ij. l. xiv. s.	
xi. d. ob.		ij. l. xvi. s. iij. d.	
xi. d. ob. q.		ij. l. xix. s.	

xij. s.		v. l. xij. s.	
xij. d. q.	the pound	v. l. xij. s. iij. d.	the hund
xij. d. ob.	maketh.	v. l. xvi. s. viij. d.	drith.
xij. d. ob. q.		v. l. xix. s.	

And for to reckon any thing, at this scope the hundredeth, this Table may serue, onely relating the xij. in pounds and money, as 1 q. the pound, at this scope the hundredeth, maketh ii. s. j. d. the hundredeth, and so of any other. And if you wil you may make this Table serue for any greater prices than is here set down, as xvi. d. the pound, what it is the hundredeth: looke in the Table for xij. d. the pound, which is v. l. xij. s. the hundredeth, ad to that iij. d. the pound, which in the Table makes s. l. xvi. s. iij. d. the hundredeth, adde both together, and it maketh viij. l. ix. s. iij. d. the hundredeth.

Thus louing Reader, I haue ordeined this and other necessary tables following: not for that I take vpon me to teach any of more experience than my selfe, but for the vse of the vnusallfull, which are not so quick and ready in reckoning, yet notwithstanding the quickest memory may sometime faile, in as small matters as these are.

A discription of Waights and measures.

It is to be vnderstoode, that where heretofore I haue set forth a difference of waights and measures, as Troy, & Maberdympoise, it is so. By a Statute made in the eleuenth yere of Henry the seauenth, there ought to bee but one sorte of waights and measures. So twenty foure Berly Coynes vyle, and taken out of the midst of the

care, both make a penny waight, xij. of those penny
waights make an ounce, and xij. of these ounces
make a pound of Troy waight, or a pynt of mea-
sure, ij. pounds, or two pintes make a quart, eight
poundes or pintes make a Gallon, two Gallons or
xvi. pintes make a pecke, eight Gallons or lxiiij.
pound maketh a Bushell, two Bushells maketh a
Strike, foure Bushells a Coume, Raso, or Coze
nocke, cyght Bushells, which is lxiiij. Gallons, or
fue C. xij. pound, maketh a quarter or Seame of
corn. Also the firkkin containeth 2. Gallons, which
is lxiiij. pounds or pintes, and 4. firkkins or xxxij.
Gallons, make the Barrell, (but the Beere measure
containeth 4. Gallons moze in the Barrell then
any other vessell) and of Wine measure, 8. Randle
must contayne xviij. Gallons, 7 a halfe, the Barrell
xxxij. Gallons 7 a halfe, the Tercer xij. Gallons,
and the Hoghead lxiiij. Gallons, the Donchier
or Tercian lxxiiij. Gallons, the Pipe one C. xviij.
Gallons, the Tun ij. C. xviij. Gallons, the malnes-
sey Butte j. C. xviij. Gallons, which measure is ac-
cording to the Statute. The Maberduysey is a
waight not allowed by statute (of whēce thozignall
came is not certainly knowne) which waight con-
taine h xviij. ounces to 8 pound, which xviij. ounces
are lighter then the Troy xviij. ounces, 8 ounce and
almost iij. quarters, and yet is sold by it in lead,
Hempe, flax, with all other kinde of marchandise,
and vnto euery hundred is allowed xij. l. waight,
by the common Beame: also the way of Cheese
must containe xxxij. Cloues, reckoning to euery
Cloue viij. l. which is two C. lviij. l. to the way.

Also Woll is sold by p Stone, every Stone must con-
taine xliij. p . xvi. Stone to p sack, according to the
Statute. Berke is sold by p score, but most commonly
by p Stone, the Stone containing viij. p . & all othe
commodities of tale are solde by p hundred, having
v. score to the C. except Cattel and ffe, which is
solde for vi. score to the hundred.

¶ Measure of length

As thre Barley corns measured from end to end
make an inche, xij. inches a foote, liij. foote a yarde,
v. yarden and a halfe a rodde poole, or perch, xl
rodde in length, and liij. in breadth, containeth an
Aker of land, and xl. rods in length (only) maketh
a furlong, viij. furlongs maketh an English mile,
which is i. M . viij. C. xl. yarden, or v. M . li. C. lxxx
foote, or lxviij. M . liij. C. xl. inches, and of Barley
cornes i. C. lxxx. and ten thousand, and four score,
measured from end to end, maketh the measure of
an English mile, & some reckon the mile to be one
1000. paces, but it must be 1017. paces of our
measure, reckoning v. fecte to the pace, and a step
is ij. fecte & a halfe, a fadome, viij. fecte is an eng-
lish ell, liij. fecte, nine, inches. Which measures differ
from that of other countrys, which have a rule of
Geometrical measure as 4. barley cornes in the
lines make a finger of measure, 4. fingers a hand,
& 4. of those handes in breadth a foote, v. of those
fecte a Geometrical pace, & a C. x. paces a fath-
long, viij. furlongs or one M . paces, v. fecte to a
pace maketh an Italian mile, and liij. M . paces a
league, and 4000. paces a common Dutch mile,
& 5000. paces a Germane, or great Dutch mile.

Of A brieft Rule shewing the iust payment of
wages or expenses by day, what it amounteth to
in the whole yeere, reckoning for every penny a
pound, a halfe pound, a groat, a penny, all put to-
gether. Heloweth the summe for the whole yeere: as
thus. A penny a day, is j. pound, one halfe pound,
j. groat, j. penny: which in the yeere is xxx. shil-
lings, v. pence: and so of any other, as xij. pence
a day, is xij. poundes, xij. halfe poundes, xij.
groats, xij. pence, wch in the yeere is xxviij.
pound, v. shillings.

The beginning and ending of the Termes.
Hilary terme beginneth the xxij. of January
and endeth the .xii. or xiii. of february, and
hath four returnes. viz. Octabis Hilarii. Quind.
Hilarii. Crastin. Idus. Octabis Idus.

Easter terme beginneth xviij. daies after Easter
and endeth the Munday next after the Ascension
day, and hath five returnes: viz. Quind Pasche.
Tres Pasche. Mens Pasche. Quinque Pasche.
Crast. Ascension.

Trinitie terme beginneth the xii. day after
Whitsunday, and continueth xij. dayes and hath
four returnes: viz. Crastin. Trinita. Octabis
Trinita. Quind Trinitat. Tres Trinitat.

Michaelmas terme beginneth the ix. or x. day
of October, and endeth the xxviij. or xxix. day of
November, and hath viij. returnes: viz. Octabis
Michael. Quind Michael. Tres Michael. Mens
se Michael. Crastin. Idus. Crastin. Martin.
Octabis Martin. Quind Martini.

The Eschequer hath one. 8. daies befoze any terme
except Trinitie terme, the it openeth. 4. daies befoze

The high wayes from any notable towne
in England, to the Cittie of London: newly collets
ted and set forth in a more larger and better
manner then heretofore hath bene.

¶ From Barwicke to York.

From Barwicke to Belford.	xlii. myle
From Belford to Anwicke.	xii. myle
from Anwicke to Morpitt.	xii. myle
from Morpitt to Newcastle.	xii. myle
from Newcastle to Durham.	xii. myle
from Durham to Darlington.	xliii. myle
from Darlington to Northalerton.	x. myle
from Northalerton to Topcliffe.	vii. myle
from Topcliffe to York.	xvi. myle

¶ From York to London.

from York to Tadcaster.	liii. myle
from Tadcaster to Wetherbridge.	xii. myle
from Wetherbridge to Lancaster.	vii. myle
from Lancaster to Tuxford.	xviii. myle
from Tuxford to Newmarke.	x. myle
from Newmarke to Grantham.	x. myle
from Grantham to Stamford.	xvi. myle
from Stamford to Stilton.	xii. myle
from Stilton to Huntingdon.	ix. myle
from Huntingdon to Royston.	xv. myle
from Royston to Ware.	xiii. myle
from Ware to Waltham.	viii. myle
from Waltham to London.	xii. myle

¶ From Coker mouth to Lancaster, and
so to London.

from Coker mouth to Ryfelwich.	vi. myle
--------------------------------	----------

from Ryfwick to Brocener.	viij. myle
from Brocener to Kendale	xliij. myle
from kendale to Burton.	vij. myle
from Burton to Lancaster.	vij. myle
from Lancaster to Preston.	xx. myle
from Preston to Wygan.	xliij. myle
from Wygan to Warrington.	xij. myle
from Warrington to Newcastle.	xx. myle
from Newcastle to Lychfeeld.	xx myle
from Lychfeeld to Couentry. xx. myle, and so to London, as in the way from Couentry apeareth.	
¶ fro S. Dawds to Gloucester, and so to London.	
from S. Dawds to Arford.	xij. myle.
from Arford to Carmerden.	xxiiij. myle
from Carmerden to Newton.	xij. myle
from Newton to Lanbury.	x. myle
from Lanbury to Brecknock.	xviij. myle
from Brecknock to Hay.	x. myle
from Hay to Harford.	xliij. myle
from Harford to Koso.	xj. myle
from Koso to Gloucester.	xij. myle
from Gloucester to Cicester.	xv. myle
from Cicester to Farington.	xij. myle
from Farington to Abington.	x. myle
from Abington to Dorchester.	v. myle
from Dorchester to Wemly.	xij. myle
from Wemly to Maydenhead.	vij. myle
from maydenhead to Colbroke.	vij. myle
from Colbroke to Hounslow.	v. myle
from Hounslow to London.	x. myle.
¶ fro Carmarthe to Worcester, and so to London.	
from Carmarthen to Laundonery.	xx. myle
	from

from Laundouery to Belthe	xiij. mile
from Belthe to Wreſton	xii. myle
from Wreſton to Woreſter.	xxvi. myle
from Woreſter to Eueſham	xii. mile
from Eueſham to Chipping Norton	xiii. myle
from Chipping Norton to Iſlip	xii. myle
from Iſlip to Wickham.	xx. myle
from Wickham to Beconſfeeld	v. myle
from Beconſfeeld to Wrebridge	vii. myle
from Wrebridge to London.	xv. myle

¶ from Carnaruan to Cheſter, and ſo to Co-
uentric, and ſo to London.

from Carnaruan to Conway.	xxiii. myle
from Conway to Denbigh	xi. myle
from Denbigh to Flynt.	xii. myle
from Flynt to Cheſter.	x. myle
from Cheſter to Wyche.	xv. mile
from Wyche to Stone	xv. myle
from Stone to Lychfeeld	xv. myle
from Lychfeeld to Colceſyl	xii. myle
from Colceſyl to Couentry	xiii. myle
from Couentry to deyntry	xiii. myle
from deyntry to Toceſter	x. mile
from Toceſter to Stonyſtreatford	vi. myle
from Stonyſtreatford to Wyckhill.	vii. myle.
from Wyckhill to dunſtable	vii. myle
from dunſtable to ſaint Albones	x. myle
from S. Albones to Barnet.	x. myle
from Barnet to London.	x. mile

¶ from S. Burien in Cornewall to Exceſter.

from S. Burien to the mount	x. myle
from the mount to Truro,	xii. myle
from	from

from Ireuo to Bodmin.	xii. myle
from Bodmin to Launcestone.	xx. myle
from Launcestone to Oshampton	xb. myle.
from Oshampton to Crockhorneuwell.	x. myle
from Crockhorneuwell to Excester	x. myle
from Excester to Salisbury, and so to London.	xx. myle
from Excester to Honiton.	xi. myle
from Honiton to Charde	x. myle
from Charde to Crockhorne.	vi. myle
from Crockhorne to Sherborne.	x. myle
from Sherborne to Shafesburge	xii. my.
from Shafesbury to Salisburge	xxiii. myl.
from Salisburge to Andeuer	xb. myle
from Andeuer to Basingstoke	xb. myle
from Basingstoke to Hartleto	xii. myle
from Hartleto to Bagshot	xiii. myle.
from Bagshot to Stanes	xii. myle
from Stanes to London.	xb. myle

from Bristowe to London.	
from Bristow to Marfeelde.	x. myle
from marfeeld to Chypnam.	x. myle
from Chypnam to marleborowe.	xb. myle
from marleborowe to Hungerford.	xii. myle
from Hungerford to Newbery.	vi. myle
from Newbery to Reading	xb. myle
from Reading to maydenhead.	x. myle
from maydenhead to Colbrooke.	xii. myle
from Colbrooke to London.	xb. myle

from Lincolne to London.	
from Lincolne to Aneaster	
from Aneaster to Wiltfeld.	
from Wiltfeld to Straunford.	

from

from Staunthorpe to Stilton, as it is in York way

¶ from Nottingham to Leicester, & so to London.

from Nottingham to Loughborough, vii. myle

from Loughborough to Leicester, viii. myle

from Leicester to Loughborough, xii. myle

from Loughborough to Northampton, xii. myle

from Northampton to Stony Stratford x. myle,

& so to London, as in þ way so countrey appeareth

¶ from Boston to London.

from Boston to Bourne xxi. myle

from Bourne to Stilton, xvi. myle

and so to London as in York way.

¶ from Cambridge to London.

from Cambridge to Slow, from Slowe to Bark-

way, from Barkway to Douchrich, from Douchrich

to Ware, in all, xxb. myle

from Ware to Waltham viii. myle

from Waltham to London, xii. myll

¶ from Oxford to London.

from Oxford to Whetlebydge v. myle

from Whetlebydge to Tetloworth, v. myle

from Tetloworth to Stoken church v. myle

from Stoken Church to Wexbridge xvi. myle

from Wexbridge to London, xv. myle

¶ from Dover to London.

from Dover to Canterbury, xii. myle

from Canterbury to Sittingburne xii. myle

from Sittingburne to Rochester viii. myle

from Rochester to Grauesende v. myle










from Grauesend to Darford, vi. myle

from Darford to London, xii. myle

¶ from Rye to London,

from Rye to Polymwell, xv. myle

The first Picture.

George Noble.	Angell Noble.	The Reall.
		
3. p. 12.	3. p. 7. 8. 1/2	4. p. 2. 3. 8.
1/2 George Noble.	1/2 Angell Noble.	1/2 Reall.
		
1. p. 12. 8.	1. p. 15. 8. 1/2 1/3	2. p. 11. 8. 1/2 1/3
First Crowne. Hk.	Salute.	Olde Noble.
		
2. p. 9. 8.	2. p. 5. 8.	4. p. 9. 8. 1/2 1/3
Base. Crowne. Hk.	2. pfes of Salute.	1/2 Olde Noble.
		
2. p.	1. p. 11. 8. 1/2 1/3	3. p. 4. 8. 1/2 1/3

The second Picture.

Elizabeth Souera



Edwards Souera



Great. Souera



10. p. 14. 8.

Elizabeth Crone.



Souera



Souera



10. p. 14. 8.

Frenche. Noble.



King. Edward.



Souera



4. p. 10.

Vicorne. Scotland.



Scotish. Crone.















2. p. 5. 8.



2. p. 5. 8.

The third picture.

Phelippus-Real.	Frenche-Croune.	Frenche-Croune.
		
3.p.10.89. 1/2.	2.p.5.89. 1/2.	2.p.5.89. 1/2.
Phelippus-Real.	Olde-Frenche-Croune.	Frenche-Croune.
		
3.p.10.89. 1/2.	2.p.5.89.	2.p.5.89. 1/2.
Phelippus-Croune.	Flanders-Ridder.	Frenche-Croune.
		
2.p.5.89. 1/2.	2.p.6.89. 1/2.	2.p.5.89. 1/2.
Colen-Gulden.	Gelders-Ridder.	Frenche-Croune.
		
2.p.2.89. 1/4.	2.p.2.89.	2.p.5.89. 1/2.

The fourteenth picture.

Flanders-Crown



2. p. 5. 8^r.

Flanders-Reull.



3. p. 10. 8^r. 1/2.

N. andreas.gu.



2. p. 3. 8^r.

Flanders-Crown



2. p. 5. 8^r.

Carolus-gilden.



1. p. 2. 8^r. 1/2.

Andreas-gilden.



2. p. 3. 8^r.

Phelips-gilden.



2. p. 3. 8^r. 1/2.

Flanders-Reull.



2. p. 6. 8^r.

Flanders-Noble.



4. p. 10. 8^r.

1/2 Phelips-gilde.



1. p. 1. 8^r. 1/2.

Saxon-gilden.



2. p. 2. 8^r. 1/2.

Flemishe-Angell.



3. p. 6. 8^r.

The first Picture

Mills. Reyes.



Horne. gilden.



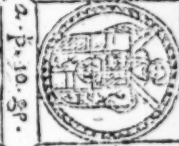
golden. lion.



2 Mills. Reyes.



Olde. Andreas.



1/2 pte of golden lion.



Portegu.



Cruzado.



100 1/3 pte. G. lion.



Portegu.



Cruzado.



claud. gilden.



The first Picture.

Duble. Ducat.



4. p. 12. 8^{rs}.

Duble pistolet.



4. p. 8. 8^{rs}.

Golden. Castilion.



2. p. 23. 8^{rs}.

Single. ducat.



2. p. 6. 8^{rs}. 2.

Single. pistolet.



2. p. 4. 8^{rs}.

Ducat. of. Castile.



2. p. 6. 8^{rs}. 2.

Duble. D. Rome.



4. p. 13. 8^{rs}. 1. 1/4.

Ducat. Valence.



2. p. 6. 8^{rs}. 2.

Ducat. Aragon.



2. p. 6. 8^{rs}. 2.

Ducat. of. Rome



4. p. 13. 8^{rs}. 2. 1/4.

Ducat. of. florence



2. p. 5. 8^{rs}.

Hungari. Ducat.



2. p. 7. 8^{rs}.

■ A description of Englande and
Wales, with the commodities thereof, the
names of the Bishoprickes and Shieres, with a
brieue collection of the most notable Actes of the
Kings of England since the conquest, with
the day of their entrance, death, and
place of buriall.

Brittain, is an Iland situate in the ocean sea :
and part of which Iland, Englishmen doo in-
habite, and is called England : the other part
called Wales, wherein Welchmen doo inhabit : the
third is named Scotland, wherein Scots doo in-
habit : and the fourth part Cornishmen doo inha-
bit, commonly called Cornwall, all they eyther in
language, condition, or lawes, doo differ amongst
themselues.

England is the greatest part, which aboundeth
in all manner fruitfulness, and hath sufficient store
in it selfe, for the sustentation of the inhabitants :
as no land in the world can say more. For it hath
beene sayd of long since, that all Countreies hath
neede of England or Brittain : and Brittain it
selfe, neede of none, although gold and silver doo
not encrease in such aboundance, as in other coun-
tries, (which if it be needfull to haue gold at all)
yet England is not boyde of them both. But
that the inhabitants in generall, are prouided of
such store, both of pure gold and silver, (as coyne
and furniture for the table, with plate) as no Na-
tion in Christendome hath the lyke. Yet in Eng-
land,

lande there is both golde and silver mines, and
great store of tinne, lead, yron, Steele, copper, brasse,
also precious stones and pearles: as Aetites and
the Hematites, also the Calidon, the Dorphyre,
the Caliminaries, and Speculares, and Chyrtall
both pure and good; also a kinde of Diamant or
adamant, which is faire to sight, but not so harde
as other of forraigne countries: also white Cozall
with diuers others of great price, being found in
clefts and rocks, whereof such as do finde them,
hauing no knowledge in the, or else being seduced
by strangers, in discouraging vs from fetching
and seeking our owne commodities: to the ende,
that they may haue the more vtterance of the
vnnaturall and polished stones and wares, which
they make, whereby they get great gaires, which
is the cause ours are of little estimation, and not
sought for.

Also, great store of quarries of stone for building
as alablaster, touchstone, of all sortes of marble, of
free stones, &c. So that no nation hath more
diuersitie or choise of excellent stones to builde
withall, then england hath, if we our selues could
like of them. But such is our nature, that not our
owne commodities, but others, most of all delight
vs. Also great store of mineralls, as Quicksilver,
sulphure, black lead, allom, or piment, red & yelow
vermillion, copperas, bistomcum, in olde time vsed
for moxer, & to buene in Laimpes where oyle was
scant, salt peter to make powder for Guns; salso-
diack to make glasses, the minerall stone, whereof
petroleum is made: the minerall pearle, which of
all

all other for greatnes and colour is best, and they are digged out of the maine lande, and in sundry places farre from the Sea, with infinite others, which are heere too long to recite.

Also, great store of coale pittes or mines, which will suffice for the whole Realme: which they are like to doo, if woods be not better maintained & cherished hereafter, then they are at this present. Also, there are Bathes & springs of excellent vertue, which cures diuers kindes of diseases: also, great store of Saffron: with all sorts of greene herbes of most excellent vertue, both pleasant to the eye and tast.

Also diuers sorts of fruit trees, with all sorts of trees, and as yet, great store of trees for building, and making of Shippes, (the like whercof are not in the whole world:) and also great store of fish of all kindes: with all manner of foule, both wild, and tame, in great abundance: and especially for beastes and cattell, as Deare, redde and fallowe Conies, Hares, &c. and great store of sheepe and oxen, whercof cometh such store of wooll, cloth, and leather, butter and cheese, which both replenish most countreyes in Christendome, which they hardly might want. Also great store of graine, or corne, of all kindes: which if I should rehearse all the commodities our country doth yelde, by particular name, it would require a great volume: for there is no Nation vnder the sunne, that may say so much as ours, with we doe want nothing that is necessary or conuenient. But if there be any thing which we do want, (although not necessary) it is

not

not for the soyle will not yeeld it, (but that we are loth to take the paines in dressing and planting it) as it is recorded of old time, that 8 commodities which we want now, hath been by the maine: tained and sought out, hauing no recourse else where to fetch it. But now for our fine cloth, tinne Lead, felles, leather, coyne, butter, cheese, and o: ther good commodities for men, is exchanged & brought ouer from beyond the seas, great store of trifles for childre, as halfpenny cockhorses, babies leaden swordes, counterfette beades, and infinite such toys, and painted gelow gawes for fooles, and dog tricks for dolts: whereby we reape iust mocking and reproch, so that some of them will not stick with vs to say, they can by the case of a fore of an Englishman for iij. pence, and sell the taile againe to vs for xij. pence, saying, pittie it is such fooles should haue so fruitful a land. But would to God we might wee once wiser, and each one of vs endeouour our selues, that the common wealth of England may flourish, & that our commodities may be fully wrought at home in eur owne countrey, thereby to set many on worke, which are fozst to goe a begging or else to starue, whilst our commodities are wrought in other forrain countries: whereby we shew our selues very vngrateful vnto God and our common wealth.

Also england, which is the greatest part, is diuided into xxxix. countries or shires; wherof ten, that is to say, Kent, Suffer, Surry, Southhampton, Barkshire, Wyltshire, Dorsetshire, Sommer setshire, Deuonshire and Cornewall, doth containe the

the first part of this Iland : which part boundeth toward the South, standing between the Thames and the Sea, from thence to the river of Trent, which passeth through the midst of England, be xvi. shires, whereof the first five standing Eastward are Essex, middlesex, Hartfordshire, Suffolk, Norfolk, and Cambridgeshire. The other 7 which standeth more in the midst of the Country, are these, Bedford, Huntingdon, Buckingham, Oxford, North-hampton, Rutland, Leicester, Nottingham, Warwick, 7 Lincoln. After these there be six, which border Eastward vpon Wales, as Gloucester, Hereford, Worcester, Shropshire, Staffordshire, 7 Cheshire : and about the middle of the region, Derbyshire, Yorkshire, Lancashire, and Comberland, and on the west side, is Westmerland, and against the same is the Bishoprick of Durham : 7 Northumberland, which boundeth in the North vpon the marches of Scotland. The shires be deuided into xliij. bishopricks, as Canterbury, Rochester, London, Chichester, Winchester, Salisbury, Excester, Bath 7 welles, Worcester, Gloucester, Hereford, Couentry 7 Litchfield, Lincolne, Ely, Norwich, Oxford, Peterborough, Bristol, these be vnder the Archbishop of Canterbury, which is Primate of England. And Yorke, Durham, Chester, 7 Carlisle, is the prouince of the Archbishoppe of Yorke, which is another primate of England.

Wales, an other part of Brittain, beginneth at Chepstow and reacheth to Westchester northward and is compassed with the sea, except it be on the southeast part, where the river of Seuerne deuiddeth

both Wales from England. The countrey towards the Sea coast, and in the vallyes is most fertile, which yeeldeth both to man and beast, great plenty of fruit and grasse: but in other places (for the most part) it is barren & lesse fruitful, for which cause husbandmen doe liue full hardly. And there are foure Bishopricks in Wales, the first Bishop of Saint Davids, the Bishop of Landawke, the bishop of Bangor, the fourth of S. Asaph, which be vnder the Bishop of Canterbury. The Welchmen haue a language of themselves, far different from the English.

Cornwall, an other part beginneth in the west part of England, and in the east part thereof, it is in breadth foure score and ten miles, and toward S. Iermaines in the west, situate on the sea coast, the greatest breadth is but xx miles. It is a barren soile, yeelding fruit more through the labour of the tyllers and husbandmen, then through the goodnes of the ground. But there is great plenty of tinne and leade, in the mining and digging whereof, dooth consist the liuing and sustentation of the inhabitants: theyr language differeth far from the English, but is much like the Welch, because they haue many words common to both, yet this difference is between them, that when a Welch man speaketh, the Cornishman rather vnderstandeth many wordes spoken by the Welchman, then the whole tale he telleth.

The River of Tweede runneth England and Scotland north: the length of England beginneth at Portsmouth in the South, & endeth at Tweed in

in the North, is iij. hundredeth and xx. miles, and from Dover in the east part, to Saint Michaels mount in Cornuwall, in the west part is supposed to be iij. hundredeth miles, and the whole circuit or compass of England, Wales, Cornuwall, and Scotland, is supposed to be but one thousand. 8. hundredeth, and xx. miles.

William Conqueror began his raigne the 24. of October, Ann. Do. 1067. and died the 9. of Septemb. in the yere 1087. and was buried at Cane in Normandy. when he had reigned 20. yeres, 10. months and 5. dayes.

And in the yere 1069. was such a dearth, that men did eate cats, dogs, and mans flesh.

King William Rufus began his raigne the 9. of Septemb. in the yere 1087. and died the first of August, in the yere 1100. and was buried at Winchester, when hee had reigned 12. yeres, 7. eleven months, lacking 2. dayes.

Henry the first began his raigne the 1. of August, in the yere 1100. and dyed the 2. of December, in the yere 1135. and was buried at Reading, where he had reigned 35. yeres.

R. Stephen began his raigne the 2. of December, in the yere 1135. and dyed the 25. of October, in the yere 1154. and was buried at Faversham, when hee had reigned 18. yeres and ten months.

Henry the second beganne his raigne the 25. of October, in the yere 1154. and dyed the 6. of July, in the yere 1189. and was buried at Font Evreade, when hee had reigned; 4. yeres, nine months, and 12. dayes.

In the yeere 1167. London bridge was begun of
stone.

Richard the first began his raigne the 16. of July,
in the yeere 1189. and died the 6. of Aprill, in the
yeere 1199. and was buried at Pont euerad, when
he had raigned 9. yeeres 9. moneths.

R. John began his raigne the 6. of August, in the
yeere 1199. and died the 19. of October, in the yeere
1216. & was buried at Worcester, when he had raig-
ned 17. yeeres 6. moneths, and od dayes.

In the yeere 1209. the Stone Bridge ouer the
Thames of London was finished.

Henry the third began his raigne the 19. of Oc-
tober, in the yeere 1224. and was buried at West-
minster, when he had raigned 56. yeeres.

And this king graunted to the Cittizens of Lon-
don, free warrant to hunt a certaine circuit about
Lonon, and that the Cittizens shoulde passe tole
free all england thowlo.

Edward the first began his raigne the 16. day
of Nouember, in the yere 1272. and died the 7. day
of July 1307. when he had raigned 14. yeres. eight
moneths, and od dayes, and was buried at West-
minster.

Edward the second began his raigne the 7. day
of July, 1307. & was deposed when he had raigned
19. yeres, 6. moneths and od dayes, and died in the
yeere 1326. and was buried at Gloucester.

In this kings raigne, the yeere 1315. was such a
dearth and famine, with such mortalitie, that the
lyuing could not suffice to bury the dead, & horse
flesh and dogs was counted good meate, and the

prisoners in prison did pluck and teare in peeces
such as came newly into prison, & deuoured them
halfe alieue, and men and women were faine to eat
their owne children.

Edward the thirde began his raigne the 25. of
January 1331. and dyed the 21. of June 1377. when
hee had raigned 44. yeeres, 6. moneths, and was
buried at Westminster.

In the yeere 1333. the King besieged the towne
of Barwicke, the Scots minding to dissolue the
sledge, the king met them at Bothell, and slew of
them 1300. horsemen, and 35000. footmen, and the
tooke the towne and there placed a Garrison.

In the yeere 1338. king Edward quartered the
armes of England and fraunce, and named him
selfe king of fraunce. And in the yeere 1339. the
king met with an armie of frenchmen by Sea,
where he slew of them 3000. men, and tooke 200.
ships, and the rest fled.

In the yeere 1336. the king tooke ship, and say-
led to Hogges in Normandy, from thence went to
Cane and spoyle it to the bare walles: and then
went to Callis and besieged it: and when the king
had a long time besieged it, the french king came
to raise the siege, and when hee sawe he could not
preuaile, he fired his Tents and departed. The
Callis men seeing it, yeilded the towne & castell,
and themselves to the kings pleasure.

The same yeere Edward the kings sonne, nigh
to the Cittie of Hoytiers, ioyned battaile with
John the french king, where the kinges Sonne
wonne a noble victorie, and tooke the french king
with

with his sonne, with diuers of his Nobles prisoners : and the same yeere the Scottissh king, with diuers Barres and Lordes were taken prisoners also, by the english men.

Richard the second began his raigne, the 21. day of June, 1377. and was deposed whē he had reigned 22. yeres, 3. months, and died the 24. of September, in the yeere 1399. & was buried at Westminster.

In the yeere 1381. the making of guns were invented & founde, by an Almanke as some report.

In the yeere 1391. the commons of Kent and Essex rebelled : hauing Wat Tyler & Jack Strawe Tom Miller, Rob Carter, with such noble persons to theyr Captaines, beeing in number xl. M. which came to blakehe Heath, and to fiere London, and did much mischief. The King to pacifie their furie offered them peace, and sent the Mayor to Wat Tyler theyr Captaine, to come speake with him : hee answering he would come at his own pleasure : yet nevertheless, he followed faire and softly, and came to the king in Smiths feldes, who carryed his comming, then the King commaunded the Mayor to arrest the rebel : which Mayor beeing a man of sufficient courage and boldnesse, straightway arrested the rebell on the head, in such sort that hee affronted him, then they which attended on the king, slewe him forthwith, by reason whereof, the lewde company were dispersed, and Jack Straw beeing taken, lost hys head.

Henry the fourth began his raigne the 29. day of September, in the yeere 1399, and died the 20. day of

of March, in the yeere 1412. when hee had reigned
31. yeeres, 6. months. and was buried at Canter.

Henry the six began his raigne the 20. day of
March, 1412. and died the 31. of August, in the yere
1422. when he had reigned 9. yeeres, 5. monethes,
was buried at Windsor.

In the yere 1431. the King entred the seas, with
a 1000. saile of shippes, and arrived at Normandy,
and then went and besieged Harflew: which was
reelbed unto him: they fought 5 battel of Adgine
Court, where by the meanes of his Bowmen, hee
slew the most of the nobility of Fraunce, and had a
maruelous victory, & was made Regent of France,
and won many towncs, as Roane, which he besieged
sixe months long: and there died in the towne
for want of victuals, about 30000.

Henry the six began his raigne the 31. day of
August, 1422. and in the yeere 1460. he was driven
out of his kingdome, when he had reigned 38. yeres
sixe monethes, and od dayes, and in the yeere 1465.
he was committed to the Towre, and in the yeere
1470. he was murdered, & was buried at Windsor.
In the yeere 1432. king Henry the 6. king of Eng-
land, was crowned king of Fraunce at Paris.

In the yere 1450, the commons of Kent rebelled,
having to theyr Caplayne, Jacke Cade, against
whom the king sent an Army, which the Rebels oz
uerthrew. After this victory 5 Rebel came to Lone-
don, entred the Citty, and smote his sword vpon
Non: on stone, saying. Now is Mortimer Lord of
this Citty. The Mayor and citizens, perceyving
themselves neyther sure of life oz goods, Sent

to the Towre, vnto the Lorde Scales for ayde, which promised them ayde by shooting, of the great Ordnance, and then the Captaynes of the Citty tooke the draw brdge in the night, prohibiting the Rebels to passe the brdge into the Citty, the Rebels hearing the brdge to be kept, ran with great fury to open the passage, where between both parties was a sharpe and fierce encounter, in fine, the Rebels got the draw brdge. This conflict endured till nine of the clocke in the morning in doubtfull manner, so that both parties agreed to desist from fight till the next day, vpon condition, that neither Kentishmen should enter the Citty, nor Citizens should passe into Southwarke. Then the Archbishop of Canterbury with other entered Southwarke, where they shewed the Kings generall pardon for all offenders, wherevpon the multitude rettyred home, the Captaine fled into the wilde of Sussex, and was there slaine.

In the yeere 1453. the Duke of York and other of the Lords, gaue the king battell at S. Albones, where the king was taken of the Duke, and by a Parliament was made Protector of the Reialme, and in 1455. the Duke was discharged of his Protectorship, which caused a new grudge.

In the yeere 1459. the Duke, with other Lords, gaue the king a battaille at Northampton, and in the ende discomfited the kinges power, & tooke the king in the fildes. The Duke of York made such claime as the Crowne: that by consent of a Parliament, hee was proclaymed heire apparant, and his progeny after him,

But the Queene gathering a power, set vpon the Duke at Wakefelde, where the Duke was slaine. And in like manner the Queene with her power, discomfited the Earle of Warwick, neere to S. Albones, and set at libertie the king.

In the yeece 1459, the noble science of Printing of bookes, was found at Magunee in Germany by John Cuthenburge, 7 first brought into England by one William Caxton, a Mercer of London, and there put in vse.

Edward Earle of March, eldest Sonne to the Duke of Yorke, with the Earles of Warwick and Salisbury, came to London with a streng power, & was proclaimed King, by the name of Edward the fourth. King Henry vnderstanding that the Earle of March was coming towards him, hee with the Queene fled into the North.

Edward the fourth, began his reigne the 4. day of March, in the yeece 1460, & died the 9. of apryll, in the yeece 1483, when he had reigned 22. yeeres, 1. moneth, and od daies, & was buried at Windsor.

In the yeece 1461, the 26 of March, was fought a great battaile betweene R. Edward the fourth, and Henry the sixt power, neere Tadcaster, in the North, where was slaine on both parties 15711. persons, but king Edward got the field, and king Henry with his wife and sonne, with the Duke of Sommerfet & Excester, & other, fled into Scotland.

In the yeece 1464. King Henry came out of Scotland with a great power, & Lord Moutacute with a great power met them, and enclosed them rounde, at Exan; where King Henryes powce

was ouerthrolone and many slayne. But he him-
selfe with certaine others flerde into Lancashire,
where they lyued in Caves full hardly, more than
halfe a yere.

In the yere 1465. King Henry the first was tak-
en beside the Abby of Salley, in Yorkeshire, and
from thence brought to Elston, and there he was
rested by the Earle of Warwick, and from thence
sent to the Tower.

In the yere 1460. the duke with other earles &
Nobles arriued at Olm-mouth, and an other sort at
Dorrmouth, all which company tooke theyr voye-
age towards Wrester, and then Northwards.

King Edward hearing of their coming fled fro
his host at Nottingham, and tooke hypping at
Aynne, and so sayled into flanders, & the Duke
of Clarence, the Earle of Warwick, with others
entred the Towre of London, and set at libertie
King Henry, which had beene prisoner there nine
yeres, and tooke him for their lawfull King. But
shortly after, King Edwards landed at Ravens-
spoyne, with a small company of Souldiours,
with the helpe of his brother the duke of Clarence
which now turned to his part, he came so puissant-
ly to London, that he entred the Citty, and tooke
King Henry the first in the Bishops Pallace, and
sent him to the Towre, and then went against the
Earle of Warwick, whom hee banquished neere
to Barnet, and then went Westwarde, and there
banquished the Queene, King Henryes wife, and
tooke her and her Sonne beside Tewbury, and
shortly after, King Henry was murdered in the
Towre

to lowe.

Edward the first began his reigne the 9. of April, in the yeece 1483. being of the age of 17. yeece, which Prince reigned a small space, either in pleasure or liberty, for his unnaturall Uncle & duke of Gloucester, not onely depriued him of his crowne but of his life also: when he had reigned two monethes, ten dayes, and was murdered, and buried in a place unknowne.

Richard the third began his reigne the 22. of June, in the yeece 1483. and dyed the 22. of August, in the yeece 1485. when he had reigned 2. yeece 2. moneths, and was buried at Leicester.

In the yeece 1484. the earle of Richmond, with a small company landed at Milford Haven, and claimed the crowne, and gave battaile vnto king Richard the third, at a place beside Leicester, called Bosworth, where King Richard was slayne, and the earle of Richmond was proclaimed king Henry the seauenth.

Henry the seauenth began his reign in the yeece 1485. the 22. of August, and dyed the 22. day of April 1509. when he had reigned 23. yeece, eight moneths, and was buried at Westminster.

In the yeece 1486. the king tooke to wife Eliza both daughter of king Edward the fourth, by the which meanes, the two houses, of Lancaster, and Yorke were both united in one.

In the yeece 1497. the commons of Cornwall made an insurrection, having the Rorde Andlaw and Michael a blacksmith their leaders came to black Heath, where the king met with them, and

discomfited, and then executed their Captaine, at the same time in Bedfordshire, fell hailestones 18. inches about.

Henry the eight began his raigne, the 22. day of Aprill, in the yeere 1509. and died the 24. of January, in the yeere 1546. when he had reigned 37. yeeres 9. moneths and od dayes, and was buried at Windsor.

In the yeere 1513. in the 5. yere of the kings reign the king entred Fraunce, and conquered Towain and Torny. And the same time the Queen with the Earle of Surrey, overthrew the Scottis Armye at Blimstone, called Flodden field, where the Scottis king was slain, with diuers of his Nobility, and 18000. men, and tooke all his furniture for the warres.

In the yeere 1517. the ninth yeere of the Kings reign, was an insurrection made by certain pretises of London, against straungers: and it was called euil May day.

And in the yeere 1528. was a sweating sicknesse and specially in London: and the same yere William Tyndale translated the Testament first into english.

In the yeere 1517 Charles the first came into england, and was most honourably receiued.

In the yeere 1530. and 22. yeere of his reigne, by meanes of delay made by the Pope, touching the kings deuorze, he made proclamation, forbidding any to sue to the Court of Rome.

In the yeere 1531. the Cleargy acknowledged the king to be supream head ouer the Church of england

Ireland, and gaue the king a C. m. pound
for pardon for these offences, and the yeere 1533. the
king was cleerely diuorced from Queene Katharine,
and married to the Lady An Bollyn, who was
crowned Queene at Whitsontide. and the 7. of Sep-
tember following, shee was deliuered of the Lady
Elizabeth at Greenwich.

In the yeere 1534. and the 26. yeere of the kings
raigne, was the whole authoritie of the Byschop of
Rome, by Parliament vtterly banished.

In the yeere 1536. by Act of Parliament, all houses
of Religion, in England and Wales were suppressed,
and giuen to the king and his heires.

In the yeere 1536. and the xxviij. yeere of the
kings raigne, the commons of Lincolnshire made
an insurrection for Religion, and gathered nigh
xx. M. persons: against those the king sent the
Duke of Suffolke, with a strong power, which the
Rebels hearing, desired pardon, brake vp theyr
army and departed, but their Captaines were ap-
prehended and executed. The Lincolnshire men
being pacified within 6. dayes after began an o-
ther insurrection in Yorkshire, for the same cause,
the people being gathered together to the number
of xl. M. against whom the King sent the Dukes
of Norfolke and Suffolke, with others, whereas
a battaile was appoynted to be fought on Simon
and Judes day, but y^e same night fell such a great
raigne, that the two armies could not meete, where-
upon the Rebels desired the duke to sue for theyr
pardon to the king, that they might depart, which
the Duke not onely promised but performed. Also

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they

their Captaine was not only pardoned, but rewarded with divers gifts which hee enjoyed a small time: for shortly after, he with divers of his complices, had their demerits, and were executed.

In the yeere 1540. the 9. of July, the Lord Cromwell was beheaded.

In the yeere 1544. sir John Wadley high Admirall of England, with a flecte of 200. saile entered Scotland, and went and spoiled Airth, & the next day went to Edinbrough, and beate the Scots from their Ordnance, and came away with such riches, as they thought had not bene in any Townte in Scotland, and then fired the houses in the towne which burned three dayes.

And at Whitsonside after, the duke of Norfolke with other, with an Army, entered France, and besieged Muterell, and in July following, the King with an Armie passed into France, and encamped on the North side of Bullon, and the duke of Suffolke on the South east side, and after a moneth siege, the Townes-men sent the king wordes, they would surrender the towne, with condition to depart with bag and baggage, which was granted, and the King returned with honour. And at the same time, the kings ships took 1200 hundredth saile of French ships, which were laden with Wine and salt fish.

In the yeere 1546. the 27. of Aprill, being Wednesday in Easter weeke, one William Forley a shoe maker for the mint, in the Tower of London, fell a sleepe so hard, that hee could not bee awaked with cramping, pricking, punching, or otherwayes, untill

untill he had slept full fourteen dayes and nights without waking, and when he awoke, hee was in all pointes, as though he had slept but one night, & cause of his sleeping was examined by & kings physicians and other learned, but it could not be knowne. The king himselfe examined the sayde Horley, & he was found in all poyntes, as though he had slept but one night, and was yet living in the yere 1584.

Edward the sixt began his raigne, & 28. day of January 1546. and died the sixt of July 1553. when he had reigned 6. yeres 5. months, and 20 dayes, and was buried at Westminster.

In the yere 1549. the Lord Protector, and the Earle of Warwicke with an Armie, were sent to Scotlande, and nere to Eckenborow, at a place called Washelborow, the Englishmen and Scots met in September, where the Englishmen obtained a noble victorie, and slew of the Scots above xij. m. and tooke above xv. C. prisoners, and not forty englishmen were slaine.

And in this yere the Images in Churches, were taken down for the avoiding of idolatry: and the same yere, the english Service was first sayde in english.

In the yere 1549. in may, by reason of a proclamation for inclosers, the commons of Somers sethree, and Lincolnshire, made an insurrection: but they had soone theyr demerits: also the commons of Cornwall and Devonshire rebelled, requiring not onely theyr inclosers, but theyr olde Religion againe to be restored, and these besieged Exeter.
which

which was valiantly defended, and the Lord Ruffell with others, went agaynst the Rebels, and tooke and slewe foure thousand, & executed theyr Captaines.

At the same time in July, the commons of Norfolk and Suffolke rose, & encamped themselves at a place neere Norwich, called Mount Surrey: the Earle of Warwicke with other, went against them, and slewe of them aboue 5. thousand, & tooke their Captaine Robert Ket, Tanner, who shortly after was executed.

In the yeere 1551. in July, the sweating sicknesse began at London, which was so terrible, that people being in perfect health, were dead in 24. howeres, or lesse.

On the 22. of January following, Edward duke of Summerset was beheaded.

In the yeere 1553. king Edward died, and by his will, bequeathed the Crowne of this Realme vnto the Lady Jane Grey, the duke of Suffolke his daughter, but shee enjoyed the Legacie not long, but thereof grew much trouble: for at the last Lady Mary, eldest daughter vnto king Henry the eyght, possessed the same which of right appertained vnto her.

Queene mary began her reigne the first day of July, in the yeere 1553. and dyed the xviij. day of November 1558. when she had reigned fixe yeeres, foure moneths and eleuen dayes, & was buried at West minster.

In this yeere, the Religion that was in king Edwards dayes, began to be new altered, and the
elde

Olde Bishops to be restozed againe.

And the same yeere was concluded a marriage betwene Queene Marie, and Phillippe king of Spaine.

The next yeere following it was solemnized on Saint James day.

The same yeere sye Thomas Wyat, with other Gentlemen assembled an army in Kent, and came to London, minding to haue let the marriage, but shortly after they were discomfited, and many of them taken and put to death, and sic Thomas Wyat was beheaded at the Towre hill: and the same time was the Lady Jane, with the Lord Sylforde her husband beheaded: and the same yeere was the Duke of Suffolke her father beheaded on the Towre hill.

In the yeere 1557 went an armie of English men ouer into Flaunders, vnto the ayd of king Phillip against the french men at Saint Quintaines, which after their coming was soone woone, but in the end it was the losse of Callis.

And this yeere was a great persecution and crueltie, with burning of men, women & Children, to the great sorrows of many that liued vnder that cruel government.

In the same yeere 1557. the first of Januarie, the french men came to Callis with an Army, & were enasslers thercof in lesse then v. daies, & the English harts so altered from the good opinion they had of Queene Mary, at first entrance into the kingdome: that nothing was more ioyfull vnto them, then when they heard of her death.

Queene

Queene Elizabeth beganne her raigne the 17. of November, 1558. to the great ioy and comfort of all Christians hearts.

This yeere the Queene restored againe the golfe poll, which was in the time of king Edward. with the booke of common prayer, and administration of the Sacraments in english.

In the yeere 1556. the Duke of Suffe made a great attempt by landing certain cruces of souldiers in Scotland, but by the wisdom of y^e Queene and Counsell, his lewde policy was preuented, & Scotland auoided of these cruces.

This yeere also the Queene finding y^e treasure maruellously disarmed with Armoz, made such noble prouision therof, that it was (great terror to the enemies) strength and comfort to this Realm. And in the yeere 1561. the 4. of June, the Steeple of Saint Pauls Church in London, was set on fire by lightening, which began in the toppe of the Steeple, and so burnt downwar'ds, and so consumed the Steeple, and the 4. great Rooffes, which were couered with leade, in lesse then 4. howres.

In the yeere 1561. the Towne of newhauch, was deliuered into the hands of the Queenes power, but by reason of the plague, which was so sore amongst them that kept it, that they were fayne to yeelde it againe, vpon certaine conditions.

In the yeere 1563. after the coming from Netherhuen, the plague so raigned in Englande, but especially in London, that in lesse then one yeere, there died in London and in the Suburbs, about 20000. of the plague: by reason whereof this

large

larie Terme was kept at Hertford Castell, beside
Ware, where was single cheere with double cosse
and worse lodging with no lesse charge.

In the yeere 1564. the Thames of London was
frozen so hard, that thousands of people went on
the Ice, and some playde at footeball, and some
shot at prickes, as boldely as if they had bene in
the fields, which great yse was consumed in lesse
then three dayes, after it began to thawe : which
suddaine thawe, caused floods and high waters,
which drowned many people, and here done ma-
ny houses and bridges, & especially Oxse bridge
in yorke City.

In the yeere 1566. certaine houses in Cornhill
in London were pulled downe, and the grounds
made plain, then was the Bourse begun to be built,
and the yeere following it was finished, and
afterwards by the Queenes Maieslie, in the yere
1570. it was named the Royall exchange.

In the yeere 1569. the Earles of Northumbres
land and Westmerland began a rebellion in the
North, but shortly after, perceiving the Queenes
power to come against them, they fled into Scots-
land, but the Queenes power followed, and slew
and tooke many and executed them.

In the yeere 1572. Thomas Howarde Duke of
Norfolke was beheaded, the second of June, at the
Tower hill.

In the yeere 1571. the xxvi. of September, a
Houlters wife in London, was brought a bed of
fourre Children at one time, all Mayden children
which were all carried to Church at once, to be
baptised,

Baptised, being all alive and in good liking.

The same yere 1576. on the ix. day of February, one Anne Auerics, a Widow in London, hauing bought vi. pound 5^s. towe in a flare shoppe, went away and did not pay for it: the seruant seeing she was gone without paying for it, went after, and demaunded her money for it, she forswearing her selfe, with cursing and othes, immediately fel down speechlesse, and vomited that bpwardes, that she should haue voided downwardes, with an horrible stinck, hauing the money in her hands, that should haue payed for it, and so she died.

In the yere 1577. the iiii. v. & vi. dayes of July, was an Ailife holdē at Oxford, where was arraigned one Rowland Jenckes for seditious wordes: at which time there arose such a suddaine damps amongst the people there, that caused such a sickness, that few that were there escaped, the Jurors dyed presentlie, & shortly after the Judges of the Bench dyed also: there died in Oxford iij. C. persons, and there sickned ij. C. and od. but died in other places: it began the sixt of July, and ended the ix of August, after which day, dyed not one of that sickness, nor one infected not the other, there died not one woman or child of that disease.

In the yere 1578. John Cassemere Counte palatine came into the Realme, & was honorably receiued, This yere also was such a great snow, that many people and cattell were drowned therewith.

1579. the 6. of Aprill, was such an Earthquake in the most part of england, especially towards the South part, which shook many Castles, churches
and

and houses, in such sort, that it caused such an amazednes amongst the people, that the most part thought the world was at an end.

The same yeere in aprill certaine Spaniards entered Ireland, (to the ayde of Desmond,) who built a strong fort, and victualled it for 6. months, with armoz and other munition for 2000. men: which by the dilligence of the Lord Gray, (then Deputie for the Queene) were shortly overthrowne, and put to the sword, onely some few of the chiefe put to raunfom.

1521. in April, Donusier duke of Anoy, brother to the French king, & diuers Nobles of France, came to England, and were honorably receiued: and in february following, hee went ouer into flaunder, & there was created duke of Brabant.

1585. in July, certain soldiers went out of England to Holland, to the aide against the Spaniards, & in December following, the Earle of Leicester with diuers other of account with him, hee was made Lieutenant Generall of the low Countries.

This yeere in June, Henry Percy earle of Northumberland, murthered himselfe in the Towre.

The same yeere in September, Sir Francis Drake, with diuers other valiant Captaines, set forward towards the confines of Spayne, where they did most braue seruice against the Spaniards, as at Cathagena, & bringing from thence all the Spanish Ordinance, with other riches.

1585. in July, Mr. Thomas Candish tooke his voyage to compas the world, passing through the strights of Magillanus, & returning by the cape
baya

Wona Speranza, returned in 2. yeeres & lesse then
a moneths, which was the 9. of September.

This yeere in July. Babington with his com-
plices were taken, and in September following
weare executed.

The same yeere 1586. the 29. of October, was a
Parlament assembled, for þ trial of matters con-
cerning Mary the Scottis Queene, and in the 6.
of December following, was solemnly proclaimed
with þ sound of 4. Troumpets. in several places
of London, & in Middlesex, the sentence given
by the Nobility against the sayde Mary Queene
of Scots, to the wonderfull great reioysing of all
the Godly, as appeared by their singing of psalms
ringing of Bells, and making of bonfires in the
Citie of London, and on þ 8. of February follow-
ing, being wednesday in the forenoone, according
to the sentence given by the Nobilitye, the
sayde Mary Queene of Scots was beheaded, in
the Castelli of Fothering hays. and in the first of
August, 1587. was as a pertayned to a Queene,
most Royally buried at Peterborough.

FINIS.

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